I B.Tech I Semester Regular/Supple. Examinations Nov./Dec. - 2015

MATHEMATICS-I

(Common to All Branches)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

Question Paper Consists of Part-A and Part-B Answering the question in **Part-A** is Compulsory, Three Questions should be answered from Part-B *****

PART-A

1. (a) Solve the D.E tan
$$y \frac{dy}{dt} + \tan x = \cos y \cos^2 x$$

- (b) Solve the D.E (D²-a²) y = e^{-ax}+sinax
- (c) Find the Laplace transform of $\frac{e^{at} e^{bt}}{t}$
- (d) Find $J\left(\frac{u,v}{x,y}\right)$ if $u = e^x$ & $v = e^y$
- (e) Form the PDE by eliminating the arbitrary function $f(x+y+z,xy-z^2) = 0$
- (f) Solve the PDE by variable separable method $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial t} = e^{-t} \cos x$

[4+4+3+3+4+4]

PART-B

- 2. (a) Solve the D.E (D^2+a^2) y = secax
 - (b) A mass 'm' suspended from one end of a spring is subjected to force $f = f_0$ sinat in the direction of its length .The force f is measured positive vertically down words and time t = 0, m is at rest. If the spring constant is k, then find the displacement of m at time t.
- 3. (a) Solve the D.E $x(3ydx+2xdy)+8y^4(ydx+xdy)=0$ (b) A body is heated to 105° c and placed in a air at 15° c. After 1 hour its temperature is 60° c. How much time is required for it to cool 37° c.

4. (a) Find the Laplace transform of (i)
$$L\{t.e^{-t} sin t\}$$
 (ii) $L\{sinhat. sin at\}$

(b) Find
$$L^{-1}\left(\frac{s}{s^4+4a^4}\right)$$

[8+8]

[8+8]

[8+8]

- 5. (a) Expand $e^{2x} \sin 3y$ in a Taylor's series about (0,0) (b) Find the maxima and minima of $x^3y^2(1-x-y)$
- [8+8] 6. (a) Solve the PDE $z(z^2+xy)(px-qy) = x^4$ (b) Solve the PDE $(D^2-DD^1)z = cosxcos2y$
- The ends A and B of rod 20cm long have the temperature at 30^oc and 80^oc until steady 7.
 - state prevail. The temperature of the ends are changed at 40° c and 60° c respectively. Find the temperature distribution in the rod at time t.

[16]

[8+8]

***** Page 1 of 1

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Set No - 1

Set No - 2

I B.Tech I Semester Regular/Supple. Examinations Nov./Dec. - 2015

MATHEMATICS-I

(Common to All Branches)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

Question Paper Consists of Part-A and Part-B Answering the question in **Part-A** is Compulsory, Three Questions should be answered from Part-B *****

PART-A

- 1. (a) Solve the D.E $\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{y}{x}\log y = \frac{y}{x}(\log y)^2$ (b) Solve the D.E (D²+a²) y = e^{ax} + cosax

 - (c) Find the Laplace transform of $\frac{\cos at \cos bt}{t}$
 - (d) Find $J\left(\frac{u,v}{x,v}\right)$ if $u = e^{x+y}$ & $v = e^{-x+y}$
 - (e) Form the PDE by eliminating the arbitrary function f(xy+yz+zx,x+y+z) = 0
 - (f) Solve the PDE by variable separable method $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial r^2} = \frac{\partial z}{\partial v} + 2z$

[4+4+3+3+4+4]

PART-B

- 2. (a) Solve the D.E (D^2+a^2) y = tanax.
 - (b) A mass 4.9 kg is suspended from one end of a spring. A pull of 10 kg will stretch it to 5cm, The mass is pull down 6 cm below the static equilibrium position and then released. then find the displacement of mass at time t.

[8+8]

- 3. (a) Solve the D.E xy $(ydx + xdy) + x^{2}y^{2}(2ydx xdy) = 0$
 - (b) The rate of at which the bacteria multiply is proportional to the instantaneous number present .If the original number doubles in 2 hrs, in how many hours will it triple.

[8+8]

4. (a) Find the Laplace transform of periodic function $f(t) = \begin{cases} t/a & 0 \le t \le a \\ (2a-t)/a & a \le t \le 2a \end{cases}$

(b) Find
$$L^{-1}\left(\frac{s}{(s^2+a^2)^2}\right)$$

- 5. (a) Using Taylor's series expand $e^x \cdot \cos y$ near $(1, \pi/4)$
 - (b) Find the maximum and minimum distance of the point (3, 4, 12) from the sphere $z^{2}+x^{2}+y^{2}=1$ using Lagrange's multiplier method.

[8+8]

[8+8]

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- 6. (a) Solve the PDE $(x^2+y^2+yz)p+(x^2+y^2-xz)q = z(x+y)$ (b) Solve the PDE $(D^3-2D^2 D^1)z = 2e^{2x}+3x^2y$.
- [8+8]
 7. A rod 100 cm long, with insulated sides has kept the temperature at 0^oc and 100^oc until steady state prevail. The two ends are suddenly insulated and kept so. Find the temperature distribution in the rod .
 [16]

Page 2 of 2

Set No - 3

I B.Tech I Semester Regular/Supple. Examinations Nov./Dec. - 2015

MATHEMATICS-I

(Common to All Branches)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

Question Paper Consists of **Part-A** and **Part-B** Answering the question in **Part-A** is Compulsory, Three Questions should be answered from **Part-B** *****

PART-A

- 1. (a) Solve the D.E $\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{y}{x \log x} = \frac{\sin 2x}{\log x}$
 - (b) Solve the D.E (D²+4) $y = x e^{2x}$
 - (c) Evaluate $\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\sin t}{t} dt$
 - (d) Find $J\left(\frac{u,v,w}{x,y,z}\right)$ if u = x + y + z, uv = y + z, uvw = z
 - (e) Solve the PDE $xp-yq = y^2-x^2$

(f) Solve the PDE by variable separable method $4\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = 3z$ and $z(0, y) = e^{-5y}$

[4+4+3+3+4+4]

[8+8]

[8+8]

PART-B

2. (a) Solve the D.E (D²+a²) y = xsinax
(b) In an L-C-R circuit, the charge q on a plate of an condenser is given by Lq¹¹+Rq¹+q/c = E sinpt. If initially the current and charge are zero .Then find current in the circuit.

3. (a) Solve the D.E (x²+y²)dx-2xy dy=0
(b) Find the orthogonal trajectory of rⁿ = aⁿ cosnθ.

4. (a) Find the Laplace transform of periodic function
$$f(t) = \begin{cases} \sin at & 0 \le t \le \pi / a \\ -\sin at & \pi / a \le t \le 2\pi / a \end{cases}$$

(b) Find
$$L^{-1}\left(\frac{s}{(s^2+a^2)(s^2+b^2)}\right)$$
 using convolution theorem.

5. (a) Expand e^xlog(1+y) in a Taylor's series about (0,0)
(b) Find the point on the plane of
(i) 2x+3y-z = 5 (ii) 3x-4y+5z = 26 which is nearest to the origin.

7.

6. (a) Solve the PDE $(x^2-y^2-yz)p+(x^2-y^2-xz)q = z(x-y)$ (b) Solve the PDE $(D^2 - 4DD^1 + D^{1^2})z = e^{2x+y}$

[8+8]

Solve the Laplace equation
$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} \quad subject \quad to$$
$$u(0, y) = 0 \quad , u(l, y) = 0$$
$$u(x, 0) = 0 \quad (0 < x < l)$$
$$u(x, l) = x(l - x) \quad (0 < x < l)$$
[16]

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Set No - 4

I B.Tech I Semester Regular/Supple. Examinations Nov./Dec. - 2015

MATHEMATICS-I

(Common to All Branches)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

Question Paper Consists of Part-A and Part-B Answering the question in Part-A is Compulsory, Three Questions should be answered from Part-B *****

PART-A

- 1. (a) Solve the D.E $xy(1+xy^2)\frac{dy}{dx} = 1$ (b) Solve the D.E (D²+4D+4) $y = e^{-2x}+x^2$

 - (c) Evaluate $\int_{0}^{0} e^{-3t} t \sin t dt$

(d) Find
$$J\left(\frac{u, v, w}{x, y, z}\right)$$
 if $u = yz / x, v = xz / y, w = xy / z$

(e) Solve the PDE $z(p^2+q^2+1)=1$

(f) Solve the PDE by variable separable method $3\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} + 2\frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = 0$ and $z(x,0) = 4e^{-x}$ [4+4+3+3+4+4]

PART-B

- 2. (a) Solve the D.E (D^2+a^2) y = cosecax. (b) In an L-C-R circuit, the current 'i' is given by $Li^{11}+Ri^1+1/c = pE cospt$. Then find current in the circuit 'i' when (i) $cR^2 > 4L$ (ii) $cR^2 < 4L$
- [8+8] 3. (a) Solve the D.E $(x^2y-2xy^2)dx-(x^3-3x^2y)dy=0$
- (b) Find the orthogonal trajectory of $r^n = a^n \sin \theta$
- 4. (a) Find the Laplace transform of periodic function $f(t) = \begin{cases} \cos at & 0 \le t \le \pi / a \\ -\cos at & \pi / a \le t \le 2\pi / a \end{cases}$

(b) Find
$$L^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{(s-2)(s+2)^2}\right\}$$
 using convolution theorem.

[8+8] 5. (a) Expand e^x.siny in powers of x & y
(b) Find the Extrema of (i) a²-x²-y² (ii) x³y²-xy

[8+8]

[8+8]

Page 1 of 2

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6. (a) Solve the PDE (mz-ny)p+(nx-lz)q = (ly-mx)
(b) Solve the PDE
$$(D^2 + DD^1 - 6D^{1^2})z = \cos(2x + y)$$

[8+8]

7. Solve the wave equation
$$c^2 \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial t^2}$$
 subject to
 $y(0,t) = 0$, $y(l,t) = 0$
 $y(x,0) = f(x) \ (0 < x < l)$
 $\frac{\partial y}{\partial t}(x,0) = g(x)(0 < x < l)$
Also find the solution (i) if $f(x) \neq 0$, $g(x) = 0$ (ii) $f(x) = 0$, $g(x) \neq 0$
[16]
